#### 2017年11月北京成人学士学位英语考试真题及答案

##### Part I (30%)

Passage 1

In 2014, older Americans fell 29 million times, leading to 7 million injuries, according to a report published last week. About 2.8 million cases were treated in emergency department, and approximately 800,000 seniors went on to be hospitalized. More than 27,000 falls led to death.(76) And the problem is getting more and more serious.

“Older adult falls are increasing and, sadly, often indicate the end of independence,” said Dr. TomFrieden. The falls are preventable, Friedenstressed. He said individuals, families and health care providers can take steps to resist the trend.

Dr. Wolf-Klein is a medical professor in New York. She said one concern is that seniors who have experienced a fall alone at home don’t tell anyone. When that happens, prevention efforts don’t begin and they’re at risk for additional falls that lead to broken bones and brain injuries.

“Elderly patients tend not to report falls to their families, or even doctors. A fall is a very frightening thing that you keep quiet about. They think if they mention it, they are afraid that they will move to a nursing home or need assistants to help out in the house,”said Wolf-Klein.

It’s also a status issue and may make someone feel that they’re weaker than they really are, she explained. When someone does fall and hurt themselves, they’re often never the same, Wolf-Klein said. “You can develop chronic(慢性的)problems. After a fall, a percentage of the population will never return to walking around. People used to taking the subway, now they’re in a wheelchair, or they may need help going to the bathroom. They become frailer and lose independence,” she said.

1. Which of the following is TRUE?
2. In 2014, older adult falls caused 7 million injuries.
3. In 2016, Americans fell 29 million times.
4. Last year, 2.8 million Americans had emergency treatment.
5. Last month, more than27,000 older Americans were hospitalized.
6. From the passage we learn that older adult falls \_\_\_.
7. Are decreasing
8. Can’t be avoided
9. Must be treated in hospitals
10. Usually imply the end of independence
11. The word frailer in Paragraph 5 probably means \_\_\_.
12. Lonelier B. weaker C. smarter D. better
13. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?
14. A fall is a very terrible thing that you keep quiet about.
15. After a fall elderly people will not develop chronic problems.
16. To prevent fells elderly people should move to a nursing home.
17. Elderly patients tend to tell their families about their falls.
18. What is the main idea of this passage?
19. Older adult fells are on the rise.
20. People should keep quiet about their fells.
21. Older adults are losing their independence.
22. Older adult falls cause brain injuries.

Passage 2

The science behind solar(太阳的) energy is not new. But Sheridan Community Schools is the first school district in Indiana to be completely solar-powered. The district finished installing solar panels(太阳能板) for all three of its schools in 2016. Some of the panels can turn to fallow the sun across the sky.

Sheridan’s solar push is part of a trend. In 2008, fewer than 1,000 schools used solar power. By 2014, there were 3,727 schools with solar panels in the US. This data comes from a report by the Solar Foundation, an organization that promotes the use of solar power Roxie Brown, a program director there, says that the number of schools with solar panels has continued to rise since 2014.

(77) Solar power has some obvious advantage over other energy sources. Sunlight is a renewable(可再生的) resource, which means it won’t run out. Solar panels don’t harm the environment. Also sunlight is free. So by using solar power, schools can save money on energy costs over time.

But switching to solar power isn’t always easy Solar panelscan be expensive to install. Sheridan Community Schools had to borrow money to pay for its solar transition. (78)The panels also take up space. But for many schools, going solar is worth is.

The use of solar energy can also help students learn about electricity and environmental issues. Teacher at schools that use solar power often incorporate it into their science lessons. The kids talk about it in the classroom. Then they can look at it in action. According to Brown, the educational impact of solar panels it “the most compelling reason” for schools to install them.

Brown hopes the panels will give Sheridan students a global perspective. “The world is bigger than the boundaries of their school district,” he says. “They’re doing things to help the world as a whole.”

1. Sheridan Community Schools coasts of \_\_ schools.
2. Two B. three C. four D. five
3. According to the passage, solar energy has the following benefits EXCEPT that \_\_\_.
4. It creates no pollution
5. It can save money
6. Solar panels are easy to maintain
7. Solar energy is renewable
8. The word incorporate in Paragraph 5 is closest m meaning to\_\_\_.
9. Reach B. improve C. run D include
10. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?
11. Solar panels are very expensive to install.
12. Sheridan Community Schools is completely solar-powered.
13. In 2014, fewer than 1,000 schools used solar power in the US.
14. More and more schools are switching to solar power to cut costs.
15. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
16. Solar Power
17. Schools Go Solar
18. Cheap Energy Sources
19. AGi0bal Perspective

Passage 3

Marley Dias loves nothing more than getting lost in a book. But the books she was starting at school were starting to get on her nerves. She enjoyed Where the Red Fem Grows and The Shiloh series, found in so many primary school classrooms, were all about white buys or dogs-or white boys and their dogs. Black girls, like Marley, were almost never the main character.

What she was noticing is actually a much bigger issue: fewer than 10 percent of children’s books released in 2015 had a black person as the main character, according to a yearly analysis by the Cooperative Children’s Book Center. In November 2015, Marley set out to gather 1,000 books with black girls as protagonists(主角). Her campaign called”#1000BlackGirlBooks”was a big success. (79) She far exceeded her goal and collected more than 10,000 books!” Through my campaign, I want to give kids a stronger sense of identity.” Marley says. (80) ”The biggest thing I’ve learned is that kid’s voices need to be heard.”

In the future, Dias wants to be the editor(编辑) of her own magazine. She is already making the steps toward having a successful and meaningful career At 11, she’s aware of the racism in the publishing industry.

Like the television and movies, the publishing industry does not represent black girls or other people of color in positive ways. The whitewashing(漂白) in this industry extend beyond not having people of color as characters. In 2012, white men wrote 88% of the book reviews. In 2013, only about 2% of the books were about black characters. Then if there are people of color in the books, the publishers attempt to whitewash people of color on the covers.

However, Dias is making it a little easier for other black girls searching for a character that is just like them. Her project is a positive step toward young black girls seeing and experiencing their lives in books.

1. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
2. Main Characters of Popular Books
3. The #1000BlackGirlBooks Campaign
4. Whitewashing in the Publishing Industry
5. Further Reading for Kids and Teenagers
6. The phrase “get on her nerves” in paragraph I is closest in meaning to \_\_\_.
7. Make her ill B. Make her excited C. Make her annoyed D. Make her frightened
8. Marley started she #1000BlackGirlBooks campaign because \_\_\_.
9. She wanted to give some books to African children.
10. She wanted to encourage children to read some books.
11. She noticed the lack of black girls as main characters in the books.
12. She didn’t like the black girls described in the books she read for class.
13. The original goal of the project was to collect \_\_ books.
14. 1000 B. 2015 C. 5000 D. 10,000
15. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT TURE?
16. Marley Dias is a black girl.
17. Marley Dias doesn’t like reading.
18. Marley Dias wants to becamean editor in the future.
19. Marley seldom represent black people in positive way.

##### Part II (30%)

1. The bank charges 6 per cent \_\_ on all money borrowed from it.
2. Salary
3. Pay
4. Income
5. interest
6. The doctor kept him \_\_ on a life-support machine.
7. Tidy
8. Alive
9. Gentle
10. proud
11. Katy can think clearly when she is not under \_\_.
12. Straw
13. Space
14. Stress
15. surface
16. Last week lots of T-shirts were \_\_ here and the cheapest cost only one dollar.
17. At work
18. On sale
19. In practice
20. Out of sight
21. He decided to devote all his time and effort \_\_ scientific investigation.
22. In
23. On
24. From
25. to
26. He fell in love with her at first \_\_.
27. Scene
28. Sight
29. View
30. look
31. I have promised to help you and I’ll \_\_ my word.
32. Hold
33. Follow
34. Stick
35. keep
36. If you have high blood pressure, you should \_\_ eating too much salty food.
37. Escape
38. Suggest
39. Avoid
40. relax
41. During the past ten years, there have been \_\_ changes in the country.
42. Lasting
43. Dramatic
44. Powerful
45. imaginary
46. I should like to rent a house, modern, comfortable and \_\_ , in a quiet place.
47. After all
48. All over
49. Above all
50. First of all
51. We have always thought very \_\_ of him.
52. Highly
53. Well
54. Greatly
55. enough
56. He told his friends that he was going to Japan \_\_.
57. On duty
58. On business
59. On board
60. On the spot
61. It’s no use \_\_ for a doctor. It’s too late already.
62. To send
63. Sending
64. By sending
65. Having sent
66. I know you’re planning to travel this summer, but do you know \_\_?
67. How much cost it will be
68. How much has it cost
69. How much it will cost
70. How much will it cost
71. Childish \_\_ she may be, she is kind and friendly.
72. If
73. Although
74. As
75. however
76. ---Tom, is there \_\_ wrong with the car?

---Yeah, the engine refuses to start.

1. Anything
2. One thing
3. Nothing
4. none
5. \_\_succeed in doing anything.
6. Only by working hard we can
7. By only working hard we can
8. Only by working hard can we
9. Only we can by working hard
10. By the end of next month, you \_\_ here for three years.
11. Will have studied
12. Study
13. Will study
14. Have studied
15. Your temperature has dropped, so you \_\_ take that medicine.
16. Don’t
17. Mustn’t
18. Needn’t
19. Can’t
20. \_\_\_
21. \_\_ Hong Kong is one of \_\_ busiest seaports in the word.
22. The; the
23. /; /
24. The; /
25. /; the
26. The old man \_\_ dead in the snow the next morning.
27. Found
28. Was found
29. Was found
30. Had found
31. It’s time that we \_\_ to take care of our own house.
32. Begin
33. Will begin
34. Have begin
35. begin
36. \_\_ city to you prefer, Shanghai or London?
37. What
38. Which
39. Who’s
40. whose
41. Mr. Jones enjoys \_\_ his children out for long walks.
42. Take
43. Takes
44. To take
45. taking
46. He \_\_ from collage three years ago, but now he is the boss of a large business.
47. Graduate
48. Graduates
49. Graduated
50. Has graduated
51. Herry waved to his sister, \_\_ was just getting off a bus.
52. Who
53. That
54. Which
55. Whose
56. Mark’s coming to the meeting this afternoon, \_\_?
57. Doesn’t he
58. Won’t he
59. Isn’t he
60. Shan’t he
61. It was \_\_ dark that we could hardly see the faces of each other.
62. Very
63. Quite
64. So
65. too
66. The car \_\_ halfway on the road, so we had to walk home.
67. Broke up
68. Broke off
69. Broke out
70. Broke down

##### Part III(10%)

1. Mary, together with her classmates, are in the lobby, waiting to discuss with you the

plans for the coming sports meet.

1. Of the two students, one is named Tom and another named Fred.
2. In their house there are four rooms, the largest of that is used as a drawing room.
3. We have come to the conclusion when this summer will be much hotter than before.
4. When Uncle Tom will come back, please tell meimmediately.
5. I have lived in this city thirty years ago, so I know it quite well.
6. The background music in the little cafe sounds softly and sweet to me.
7. A news of his arrest traveled quicklyamong his friends.
8. I couldn’t help to laughwhen I saw the little boy inhis father’s overcoat.
9. After driving for twenty miles, he suddenly realized that he has been driving in the wrong direction.

##### Part IV(10%)

My friend Jane once found a weasel（鼬鼠）when he was very young. As she was fond of pets,she thought bring him up.

Of course he had to be taught all young things have to, and this weasel knew 56 , The good lady first began with 57 some milk into her hand and 58 him drink from it. Very soon, he wouldnot take milk 59 any other way. After his dinner, he would run to a soft blanket that was 60 in Jane’s bedroom. He slept there 61 one or two hours.

This was all very well in the day, but Jane did not feel 62 in leaving him loose during the night. Thus, whenever she went to bed, she 63 the weasel up in a little cage that stood 64 by. If she 65 to wake up early, she would open the cage, and the weasel would came into her bed go to sleep again 66 next to her. If she was already dressed when he was let 67 , he would jump all about her, and would never once miss 68 on her hands.

All his ways was pretty and gentle. He would stand 69 Jane’s shoulder and give little soft pats to her chin. He would run over a whole room 70 of people at the mere sound of her voice. He was very fond of the sun and would roll about whenever it 71 on him. The little weasel was ratter a thirsty animal, but he would not drink much at a 72 . Baths were quite new to him and he could not 73 up his mind to them. Because of his dislike for baths, he suffered a good deal on 74 days. His nearest approach to bathing was a 75 cloth wrapped round him, and this evidently gave him great pleasure.

1. A.anything B.nothing C.something D. everything
2. A. pulling B. linking C. pouring D. moving
3. A. ordering B. asking C. telling D. letting
4. A. on B. in C. for D. at
5. A. made B. built C. spread D. paid
6. A. for B. on C. beyond D. beside
7. A. angry B. safe C. risky D. serious
8. A. shut B. hit C. sent D. went
9. A. short B. far C. long D. close
10. A. rememberedB. resolved C. happened D. occurred
11. A. laying B. lying C. lay D. lie
12. A. up B. out C. down D. away
13. A. sitting B. sit C. visiting D. visit
14. A. in B. beside C. on D. under
15. A. deep B. proud C. wide D. full
16. A. dropped B. shone C. found D. floated
17. A. time B. moment C. minute D. place
18. A. take B. detect C. make D. decide
19. A. quiet B. noisy C. busy D. bot
20. A. wet B. dry C. flat D. sharp

##### Part V(20%)

76. And the problem is getting more and more serious.

77. Solar power has some obvious advantage over other energy source.

78. The panels also take up space.

79. She far exceeded her goal and collected more than 10,000 books!

80. “The biggest thing I’ve learned is that kids’ voices need to be heard.”

81. 这部电影让她想起了她的童年。

82. 我们认识有十年了。

83. 他每天一定处理许多问题。

84. 经理不在，这个商店由他负责。

85. 你昨天早上几点起床？

##### 答案：

Part I

1－5 ADBAA

6－10 BCDCB

11－15 CCCAB

Part II

16－20 DBCBD

21－25 BDCBC

26－30 ABBCC

31－35 ACAC\_

36－40 DBDBD

41－45 CACCD

Part III

46－50 BDDBB

51－55 BCAAC

Part IV

56－60 BCDBC

61－65 ABADC

66－70 BBACD

71－75 BACDA

Part V

76 问题变得越来越严重。

77 相对于其他能源来说，太阳能有许多突出的优点。

78 太阳能板也是比较占地方的。

79 她大大超过了最初的目标，收集了1000多本书。

80 我最大的收获是孩子们的心声需要被听到。

81 The movie reminded her of her childhood.

82 We have known each other for ten years.

83 He has many problems to deal with every day.

84 The manager is out, so he is in charge of the store.

85 When did you get up yesterday morning?